



Stikine
 Region

1	General Economy
<p>The main economic activities of this area are mining and forestry. Considerable mining exploration has occurred recently in the area. Several copper, zinc or molybdenum mines are in the proposal or development stages. Mining will likely impact local communities through spin-off activities. Forestry activity is restricted to logging as there are no processing facilities in the region. There are several large parks in the area, and back-country tourism options exist for further development in the area.</p>	

The notes above and later in this report on Demographics and Projections are the basis for BC Stats population projection P33 completed in the Summer of 2008. The projections are updated annually to reflect known demographic shifts and economic conditions. Full projections with "Components of Change", "Special Age Groups", "5 Year Age Cohorts by Sex", and accompanying notes are available for B.C., the 8 development regions, the 28 regional districts, the 79 local health areas (LHAs) and a number of "special areas" of local interest which are not part of a province-wide geocoding system. Individual areas, including age and sex detail, are modestly priced. Users requiring only total population projections are able to self serve for free from our population projection page: www.bcstats.gov.bc.ca/data/pop/pop/popproj.asp The full B.C. level projection is available free on the above page.

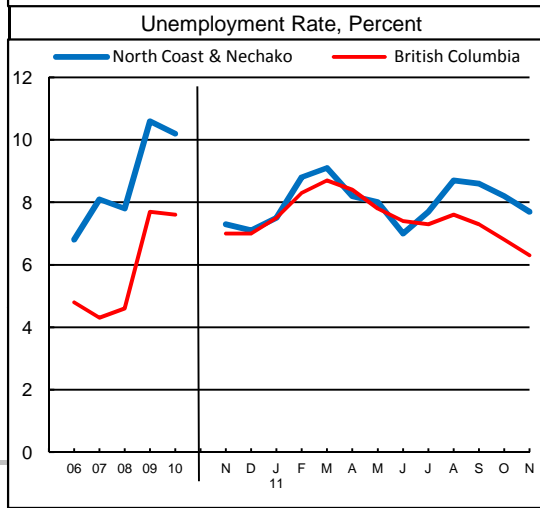
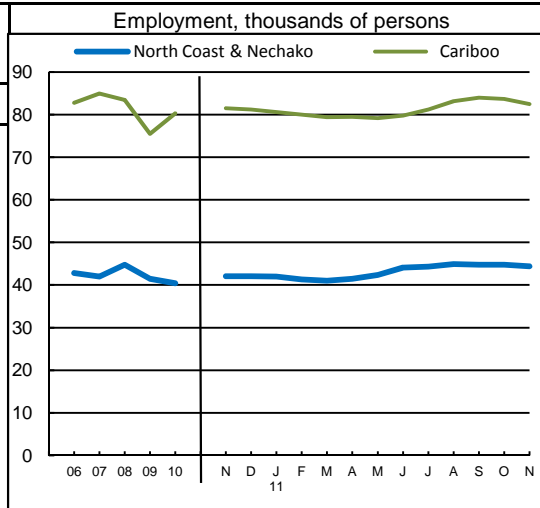
2		Economic Structure - Number of Business Locations, by Sector, by Employment Size, December 2010									
NAICS Code	Industry Sector based on NAICS Canada (North American Industrial Classification System)	Locations With No Employees	Stikine							British Columbia	
			Firms with Employees							With Employees	
			Less Than 20	20 to 49	50 to 199	200 Plus	All Sizes with Emp.	Percent of Total	Percent of Total	All Sizes	
	Total, All Industries	47	50	5	2	0	57	100.0%	100.0%	370,262	
11	Agric., Forestry, Fishing & Hunt	-	2	0	0	0	2	3.5%	4.1%	15,134	
21	Mining & Oil & Gas Extract.	2	1	1	0	0	2	3.5%	0.6%	2,220	
22	Utilities	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0.1%	363	
23	Construction	6	9	1	1	0	11	19.3%	14.0%	51,926	
31	Manufacturing (31-33)	2	1	0	0	0	1	1.8%	3.2%	11,824	
41	Wholesale Trade	-	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	4.4%	16,471	
44	Retail Trade (44-45)	7	8	0	0	0	8	14.0%	8.1%	30,041	
48	Transp. & Warehousing (48-49)	3	4	0	0	0	4	7.0%	5.1%	18,964	
51	Information & Cultural Indust.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	1.5%	5,509	
52	Finance & Insurance	1	1	0	0	0	1	1.8%	5.4%	19,946	
53	Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	2	1	0	0	0	1	1.8%	11.2%	41,389	
54	Profes'nl, Scientif. & Tech. Srv	6	3	1	0	0	4	7.0%	13.1%	48,449	
55	Mgmt. of Companies & Enter.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	3.9%	14,283	
56	Admin. & Sup'rt, Waste Mgmt.	1	0	1	0	0	1	1.8%	4.5%	16,769	
61	Educational Services	-	0	0	1	0	1	1.8%	1.2%	4,290	
62	Health Care & Social Assistance	-	3	0	0	0	3	5.3%	5.6%	20,661	
71	Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4	2	0	0	0	2	3.5%	1.7%	6,187	
72	Accom. & Food Services	5	9	0	0	0	9	15.8%	4.3%	15,964	
81	Other Serv's (ex. Public Admin.)	5	4	0	0	0	4	7.0%	7.8%	28,939	
91	Public Administration	-	2	1	0	0	3	5.3%	0.3%	933	

Source: Statistics Canada, Business Register Division. Note: This table formerly identified **business establishments**.



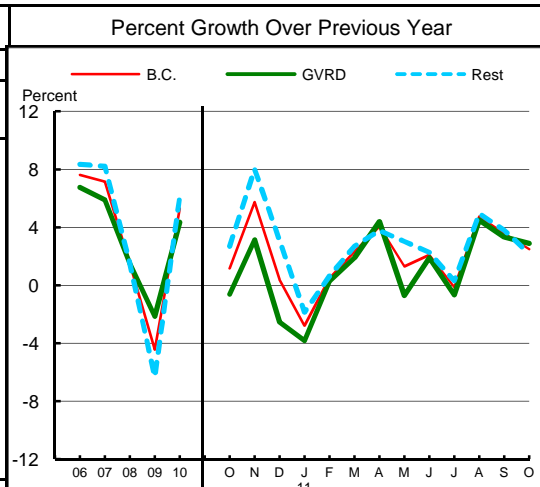
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3 Employment and Unemployment Rate, monthly data are 3-month moving average, actual, ending in stated month						
	North Coast & Nechako		Cariboo		British Columbia	
	Emp. ('000)	Unemp. %	Emp. ('000)	Unemp. %	Emp. ('000)	Unemp. %
2001	46.6	11.2	79.2	9.7	1,919.7	7.7
2002	44.6	12.7	77.3	12.6	1,952.8	8.5
2003	44.4	11.4	77.3	11.0	1,998.0	8.0
2004	41.9	11.8	79.4	9.2	2,032.8	7.2
2005	45.2	7.9	79.3	7.4	2,091.9	5.8
2006	42.8	6.8	82.8	6.1	2,147.2	4.8
2007	42.0	8.1	85.0	5.1	2,222.6	4.3
2008	44.8	7.8	83.5	6.7	2,266.4	4.6
2009	41.5	10.6	75.5	12.1	2,217.9	7.7
2010	40.4	10.2	80.3	8.1	2,256.5	7.6
2010 Jan	39.3	10.7	74.7	12.1	2,219.8	8.0
2010 Feb	39.1	10.3	74.6	11.6	2,213.3	8.1
2010 Mar	38.5	11.5	75.0	10.4	2,213.2	8.2
2010 Apr	38.0	12.0	77.2	8.2	2,224.5	7.8
2010 May	38.0	12.8	78.9	7.5	2,238.7	7.8
2010 Jun	39.4	11.9	81.7	7.1	2,258.8	7.6
2010 Jul	40.7	11.9	82.7	8.6	2,277.1	7.7
2010 Aug	41.3	11.0	83.9	8.4	2,289.9	7.8
2010 Sep	41.5	10.6	83.1	8.4	2,284.5	7.8
2010 Oct	42.0	8.9	82.3	7.6	2,278.8	7.5
2010 Nov	42.1	7.3	81.5	7.1	2,273.6	7.0
2010 Dec	42.1	7.1	81.2	7.0	2,269.6	7.0
2011 Jan	42.0	7.5	80.6	7.2	2,250.0	7.5
2011 Feb	41.3	8.8	80.0	7.5	2,232.3	8.3
2011 Mar	41.0	9.1	79.4	7.6	2,227.7	8.7
2011 Apr	41.5	8.2	79.5	7.1	2,240.5	8.4
2011 May	42.4	8.0	79.2	7.2	2,261.0	7.8
2011 Jun	44.1	7.0	79.8	7.4	2,280.1	7.4
2011 Jul	44.3	7.7	81.2	7.5	2,295.3	7.3
2011 Aug	44.9	8.7	83.2	8.1	2,298.0	7.6
2011 Sep	44.8	8.6	84.0	8.1	2,300.7	7.3
2011 Oct	44.8	8.2	83.7	7.8	2,299.8	6.8
2011 Nov	44.4	7.7	82.5	6.9	2,296.6	6.3
2011 Dec	44.4	7.7	82.5	6.9	2,296.6	6.3
Average:						
Jan-Nov10	40.3	10.4	80.1	8.4	2,256.8	7.7
Jan-Nov11	43.4	8.3	81.1	7.5	2,273.7	7.5
% Change	7.7		1.3		0.7	



Source: Labour Force Survey, Statistics Canada. Sub-provincial regions are development regions or census metropolitan areas.

4 Retail Sales - based on Statistics Canada monthly survey						
Year or Year/Year-to-Date	\$ millions of retail sales			Percent change on year ago		
	B.C.	Greater Vancouver	Rest of Province	B.C.	Greater Vancouver	Rest of Province
2006	53,133.4	24,301.6	28,831.9	7.6	6.7	8.3
2007	56,930.4	25,733.1	31,197.3	7.1	5.9	8.2
2008	57,783.0	26,116.0	31,667.0	1.5	1.5	1.5
2009	55,221.9	25,556.4	29,665.6	-4.4	-2.1	-6.3
2010	58,144.7	26,667.6	31,477.1	5.3	4.3	6.1
Jan-Sep 2010	42,773.1	19,620.4	23,152.6			
Jan-Sep 2011	43,551.2	19,871.0	23,680.1	1.8	1.3	2.3



Source: B.C. & GVRD data - Statistics Canada, CANSIM 080-0020, unadjusted data.



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Was 5 **Manufacturing Principal Statistics - Search at www.made-in-bc.ca for local firms, products and more**

This table is discontinued. Sub-provincial manufacturing principal statistics are no longer being produced.

The methodology used to generate Room Revenue estimates is being refined and as a result the regularly scheduled release of the data from April through August 2011 was interrupted. BC Stats will be publishing updated estimates, including revisions to previously-released data, in September of 2011. We apologize for any inconvenience to users.

5		Tourism Room Revenue - Includes Bulkley-Nechako R.D. (\$ Thousands)					Tourism Room Revenue Index 2004=100	
	Year	Total/YTD	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Index	
Stikine Regional District	2006	9,791.0	1,740.0	2,337.0	3,533.0	2,181.0		
	2007	11,246.0	1,862.0	2,696.0	4,112.0	2,576.0		
	2008	10,891.0	1,823.0	2,713.0	3,906.0	2,449.0		
	2009	9,865.0	1,578.0	2,370.0	3,749.0	2,168.0		
	2010	8,028.0	1,664.0	2,385.0	3,979.0			
British Columbia	2006	1,807,466.0	366,131.0	450,720.0	652,402.0	338,213.0		
	2007	1,807,466.0	366,131.0	450,720.0	652,402.0	338,213.0		
	2008	1,977,385.0	435,234.0	503,243.0	687,790.0	351,118.0		
	2009	1,743,074.0	378,897.0	423,761.0	617,008.0	323,408.0		
	2010	1,594,984.0	502,294.0	441,819.0	650,871.0			
2009 Room Revenue by Accommodation Type (\$Thousands %Share)								
TOTAL	9,864.0	100.0%						
Fishing lodges	669.0	6.8%						
Motels	4,264.0	43.2%						
*Town of Smithers	5,319.0	53.9%						
asterisk before location denotes sub-area detail								

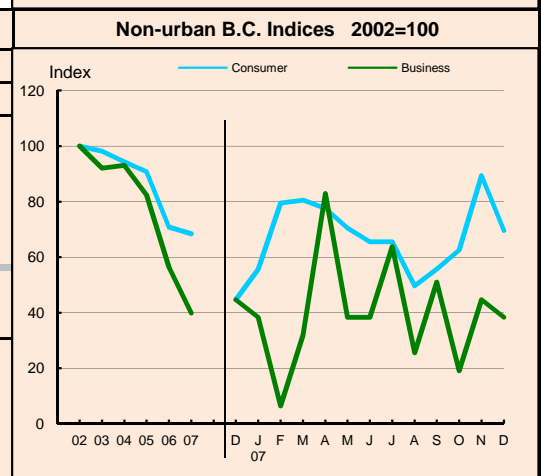
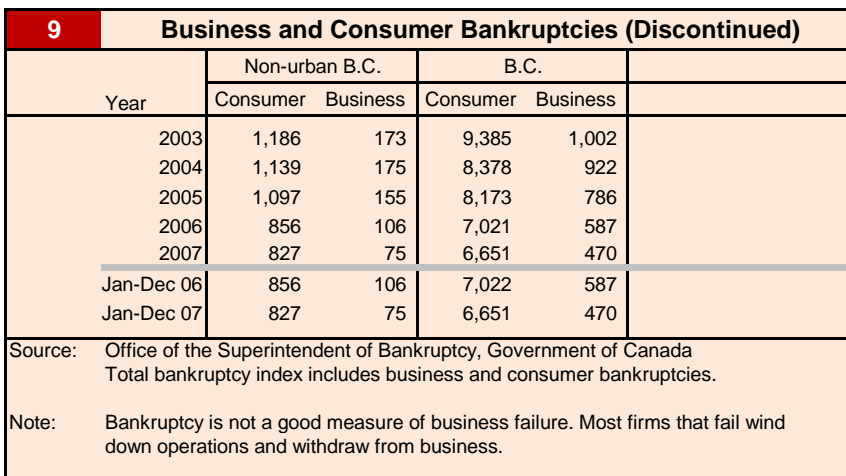
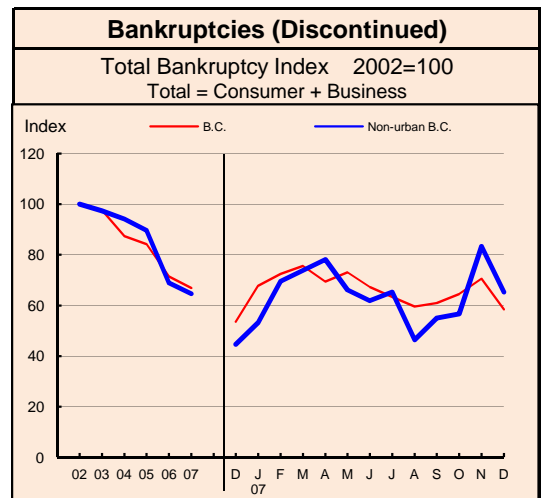
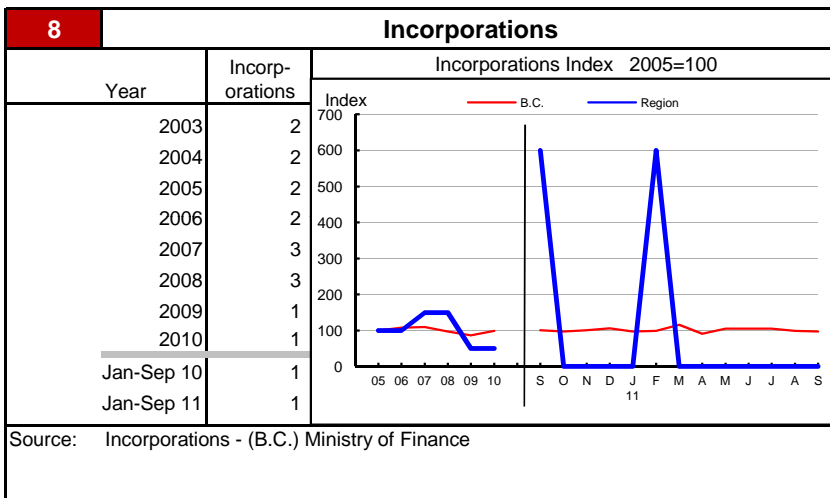
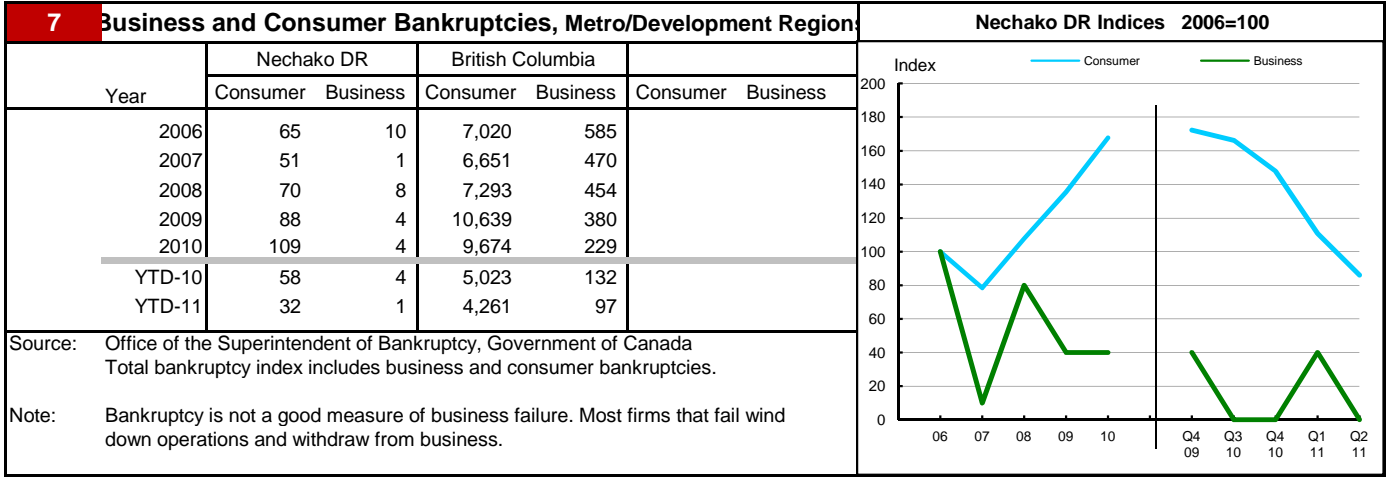
All room revenue data has been revised. For an explanation, see our periodical called *Tourism Sector Monitor*, April and May issues of 2009. Link to explanation of changes: http://www.bcstats.gov.bc.ca/pubs/pr_tour.asp

6		Building Permits					Total Permits Index 2005=100		
Year	Total Building Permits	Non Residential				Residential	Index		
		Total Non Res.	Industrial	Commercial	Institutional & Gov't		B.C.	Region	
		<-- \$ Millions -->						Units	
2003	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
2004	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
2005	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
2006	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
2007	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
2008	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
2009	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
2010	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
Jan-Oct 10	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
Jan-Oct 11	n/a	0.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		

Not all projects require a building permit, and not all municipalities & regions report. Latest month preliminary, previous month is revised. Source: Statistics Canada (data collected from municipal and Regional District offices).



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Dependence on the Safety Net

10 Basic Income Assistance (Basic Income Assistance Recipients in Subject Group as a percent of Reference Group)						11 Employment Insurance (was UI) (EI beneficiaries as a percent of Reference Group)					
Subject Group (receiving benefits)		All (0-64)	Children <19 yrs in Families	Young Adults (19-24)	'Mid' Group (25-54)	Single Parent Women	Working Age (19-64)	Young Adults (19-24)	'Mid' Group (25-54)	'Older' Workers (55-64)	Note Older Data
Reference Group		Total Pop. 0-64	Total Pop. <19	Total Pop. 19-24	Total Pop. 25-54	Tot. Female 19-64	Total Pop. 19-64	Total Pop. 19-24	Total Pop. 25-54	Total Pop. 55-64	
Stikine Regional District	Sep '08	-	-	-	-	-	2.3	-	2.9	-	Sep '07
	Dec '08	-	-	-	-	-	5.5	-	6.3	-	Dec '07
	Mar '09	-	-	-	-	-	12.1	-	13.1	-	Mar '08
	Jun '09	-	-	-	-	-	9.4	12.8	9.9	6.9	Jun '08
	Sep '09	-	-	-	-	-	4.5	-	4.6	-	Sep '08
	Dec '09	-	-	-	-	-	11.0	-	13.8	-	Dec '08
	Mar '10	-	-	-	-	-	15.0	-	19.0	-	Mar '09
	Jun '10	-	-	-	-	-	8.4	-	9.1	-	Jun '09
	Sep '10	-	-	-	-	-	4.0	-	3.6	-	Sep '09
Duration of Dependence on Income Assistance (As of September 2010)		All* Income Assistance Recipients as % of Total Pop 0-64: Region Compared to B.C.				EI Beneficiaries Aged 19-64 as % of Working Age Population					
Region		Percent				Percent					
B.C.											
Total Number of Recipients	-	75,506									
Percent Distribution by Duration											
<1 Year	-	56.9									
1-2 Years	-	24.5									
>2 Years	-	18.6									
Source: Ministry of Social Development administrative files and BC Stats population estimates. These figures include only a subset of those receiving income assistance. Excluded are those on Continuous Assistance (disabled or with persistent multiple barriers to employment, children in the home of a relative, and OAS/seniors. A recipient is defined as 'each person living in a family or living alone that is receiving basic income assistance'. Data does not include Aboriginal people living on Reserve. Note: '-' Data too small to release.						Source: Ministry of Social Development and BC Stats population estimates.					
12 Dependence on Basic Income Assistance and/or Employment Insurance (Basic Income Assistance Recipients + Employment Insurance Recipients in Subject Group as a percent of Reference Group)											
Subject Group (receiving assistance)		All (19-64)	Young Adults (19-24)	'Mid' Group (25-54)	'Older' Group (55-64)	All 'Safety Net' Recipients as % of Total Pop 19-64: Region Compared to B.C.					
Reference Group		Total Pop. 19-64	Total Pop. 19-24	Total Pop. 25-54	Total Pop. 55-64	Percent					
Stikine Regional District	Sep '07	-	-	-	-						
	Dec '07	6.4	-	7.7	-						
	Mar '08	14.0	-	16.1	-						
	Jun '08	-	-	-	-						
	Sep '08	-	-	-	-						
	Dec '08	-	-	-	-						
	Mar '09	-	-	-	-						
	Jun '09	-	-	-	-						
	Sep '09	-	-	-	-						

Note: This data should be revamped in early 2012 with EI data coming from Statistics Canada and IA data from Ministry of Social Development.



**Stikine
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13 Demographics

This area is very sparsely populated and this results in rather erratic demographic statistics. Stikine has experienced mainly net outflows which has resulted in an overall loss of population over the last twenty years. The population has aged quite rapidly, adding over 12 years to its median age since 1986, compared with a provincial gain of 7.2 years. This rapid ageing may be a factor of the net outflows characteristic of this region, as young people move out of the area, leaving older individuals behind. Fertility levels have been extremely variable, but have been much lower than provincial levels overall. Overall dependency rates are similar to those of the province as a whole, with 5.3 dependents for every ten people of working age. Child dependency ratios have been on the decline while the proportion of elderly dependents has been increasing over the last two decades. The sex ratio shows a substantial decrease over the period, but males continue to outnumber females by a significant margin. This is likely due to the dependence on resource extraction industries, which tends to draw male workers to the area. Natural increase values have been variable, a reflection of the variability in the numbers of births and deaths. Overall positive natural increase values have been unable to compensate for significant net outflows over the last twenty years and the population has dropped by roughly half.

14 Projection

Interprovincial migration to the province and to this region is forecast to be positive in the first half of the projection period, although the magnitude of many of these net inflows will likely be minimal. Births should continue to exceed deaths for the first decade of the projection, but by a decreasing margin. Natural increase is expected to become negative midway through the projection. Net inflows and positive natural increase will result in growth, and by 2019 this region will see a population larger than current levels by over 300 people. However, for the remainder of the period, growth rates are expected to be negative, resulting in a net gain of a little more than 100 people over the entire projection period. The population will continue to age and by 2036 there are projected to be almost 6.5 dependents for every 10 people of working age. Most of the dependents will be aged 65 and older, in contrast to current figures, which indicate that the bulk of dependents in the region are children.

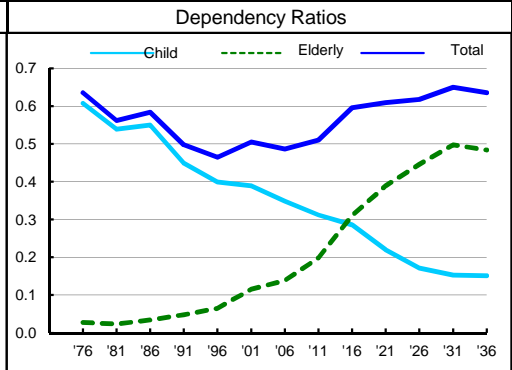
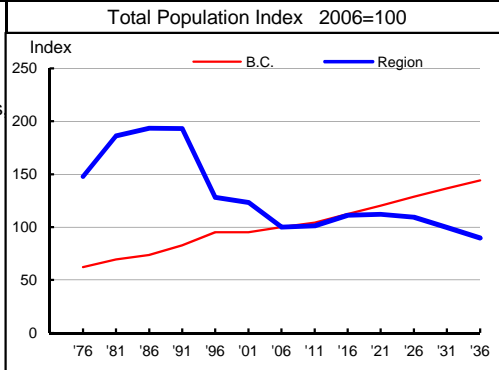
15 Selected Demographic Characteristics

Year	Population by age group, Thousands of persons							Households (,000)	Dependency Ratios			Year
	0-4	5-17	18-24	25-44	45-64	65+	All Ages		Child	Elderly	Total	
1976	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.0	1.7	0.5	0.608	0.027	0.635	1976
1981	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.0	2.1	0.6	0.539	0.023	0.562	1981
1986	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.9	0.3	0.0	2.2	0.8	0.550	0.034	0.584	1986
1991	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.9	0.4	0.1	2.2	0.8	0.449	0.048	0.497	1991
1996	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.6	0.399	0.065	0.464	1996
2001	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.5	0.389	0.116	0.505	2001
2006	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1	1.1	0.5	0.349	0.138	0.487	2006
2011	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.1	0.5	0.312	0.198	0.511	2011
2016	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.3	0.6	0.286	0.310	0.596	2016
2021	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.3	0.6	0.220	0.389	0.609	2021
2026	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.6	0.172	0.446	0.617	2026
2031	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.1	0.5	0.152	0.497	0.650	2031
2036	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.152	0.484	0.635	2036

Age groups reflect pre-school, school, advanced education, family formation, mature workers and retired.

Child Dependency:
 (ages 0-17) / (ages 18-64)

Elderly Dependency:
 (ages 65+) / (ages 18-64)



Source: Population data are Projection P-36, run in Summer 2011. Figures are adjusted for Census undercount and are for July 1st of stated year.
 Note: Demographics and Projection notes in Tables 13 and 14 are from Projection P-33, run the Summer 2008.